The Effect of Immigration Public Policy and Sentiment on Latina Maternal and Child Health in Chester County: A Longitudinal Study

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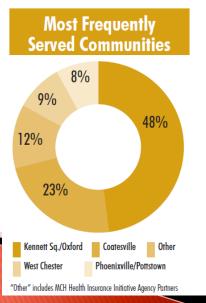
#### MCHC 2018 Annual Report

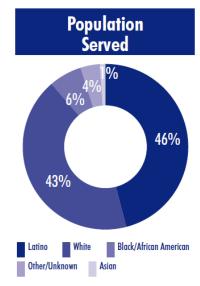
"Chester County is one of the wealthiest counties in the state, yet...

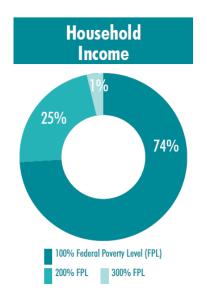
...1 in 4 pregnant women in the county have not received prenatal care visits in the first trimester."

...over 33,000 (6.5%) residents are uninsured."

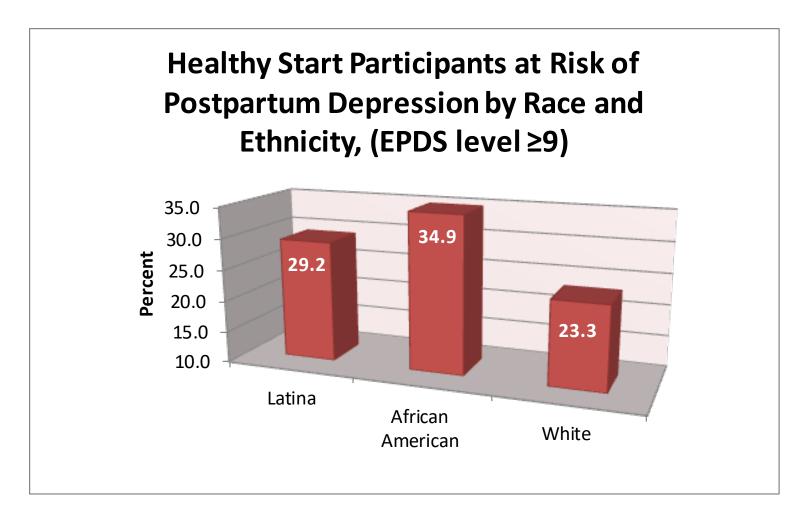
...Latinos are 3 times more likely to lack access to healthcare coverage"







### Chester County Postpartum Study, 2003-2013



# Chester County Postpartum Depression Study Results

Results from a multivariate analysis statistically controlling for postpartum depression risk factors:

- Latinas living in communities with majority Latino and African American populations are at higher risk of postpartum depression as compared to those living in communities with a majority white population.
- Latinas with undocumented immigration status living in communities with majority Latino populations have a higher risk of postpartum depression as compared to those with documented status.

Risk factor covariates: history of mental illness, prenatal and postnatal risks, number of children, stress during pregnancy, social support, socioeconomic status, and maternal age.

## Research Question

Do current U.S. immigration policies, and antiimmigrant and anti-Latino sentiments affect Latina maternal and child health, and healthcare access and utilization in Chester County?

## The proposed project

- Survey of Healthy Start participants
  - immigration history, socioeconomic background, health behaviors, child health, mental health, health care access and utilization
- Secondary data analysis
  - MCHC health and social data of participants, 2003-2019
- Comparison data from surrounding counties